

МІНІСТЕРСТВО ОСВІТИ І НАУКИ УКРАЇНИ

**ХАРКІВСЬКИЙ НАЦІОНАЛЬНИЙ ЕКОНОМІЧНИЙ УНІВЕРСИТЕТ
ІМЕНІ СЕМЕНА КУЗНЕЦЯ**

ІНОЗЕМНА МОВА

**Тексти та завдання
до самостійної роботи
для здобувачів
третього (освітньо-наукового) ступеня**

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ХНЕУ ім. С. Кузнеця
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Укладач О. В. Іваніга

Затверджено на засіданні кафедри іноземних мов та перекладу.
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Іноземна мова : тексти та завдання до самостійної роботи I-67 для здобувачів третього (освітньо-наукового) ступеня [Електронний ресурс] / уклад. О. В. Іваніга. – Харків : ХНЕУ ім. С. Кузнеця, 2018. – 48 с. (Укр. мов., англ. мов., рос. мов.)

Уміщено п'ятнадцять аутентичних оповідань Л. А. Хіла, після кожного з яких наведено лексико-граматичні завдання для розвитку навичок читання, переказу, а також розширення лексичного запасу студентів. У кінці роботи подано словник, до якого входить активна лексика з вивчених розділів.

Рекомендовано для аудиторної та самостійної роботи здобувачів третього (освітньо-наукового) ступеня.

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Вступ

Дана робота складена за аутентичними англomовними джерелами та включає до себе гумористичні оповідання Л. А. Хіла [1], [2]. До кожного оповідання пропонуються наступні види вправ: 1) підібрати українські / російські значення до англійських слів, які зустрінуться в оповіданні; 2) поділити дієслова на правильні та неправильні й написати їх форму в минулому часі; 3) підібрати початок та закінчення словосполучень; 4) відповісти на детальні запитання щодо змісту оповідання; 5) перекласти речення англійською мовою та розмістити їх у хронологічному порядку. Робота має ціллю розширювати лексичний запас студентів та закріплювати їх знання про найбільш вживані граматичні категорії англійської мови.

Story 1. A Fish-Shop Advertisement

Task 1. Test yourself. Match the English words and word combinations with their Ukrainian / Russian equivalents.

1) to go for a holiday	a) в первый день / в перший день
2) last summer	b) ветрено / вітряно
3) by the sea	c) возле моря / біля моря
4) fishing	d) жена / дружина
5) on the first day	e) кроме / окрім
6) a wife	f) крючок / гачок
7) to go out fishing	g) кусочек пластика / шматок пластику
8) windy	h) несколько / декілька
9) alone	i) ничего / нічого
10) several	j) ныряльщик, водолаз / нирець, водолаз
11) to catch	k) один / один
12) nothing	l) отправиться в отпуск / відправитися у відпустку
13) except	m) отправиться на рыбалку / відправитися на рибальство
14) an advertisement	n) поймать / піймати
15) a piece of plastic	o) прошлым летом / минулого літа
16) a diver	p) рекламное объявление / оголошення
17) a hook	q) рыбная ловля / рибна ловля

Task 2. Read the joke and do the activities that follow.

Mr. and Mrs. Peters went to Brighton for a holiday last summer. Brighton is a town by the sea in England. Mr. Peters likes fishing very much, and on the first day he said to his wife, "I'm going to go out fishing on the sea. Are you going to come with me?"

"No," his wife answered. "It's cold and windy today."

Mr. Peters went out in a boat alone and fished for several hours. But he caught nothing – except an advertisement on a piece of plastic for a fish-shop in the town.

He went back to the hotel and gave it to his wife.

"How did you catch that?" she asked him.

"A diver put it on my hook," Mr. Peters answered.

Task 3. Match the halves of the word combinations from the story.

1) for	a) a holiday
2) by	b) fishing
3) on	c) of plastic
4) last	d) summer
5) to go out	e) the first day
6) a piece	f) the sea

Task 4. Divide the verbs from the story into regular and irregular and give their past forms.

Infinitive	Past Simple	Past Participle
to go		
to like		
to say		
to come		
to answer		
to fish		
to catch		
to give		
to ask		
to put		

Task 5. Find the words in the story which mean the same.

- 1) recent;
- 2) enjoy;
- 3) a lot;
- 4) a spouse;
- 5) chilly;
- 6) a few;
- 7) time of day;
- 8) commercial;
- 9) inquire;
- 10) a frogman.

Task 6. Fill in the gaps with prepositions.

Mr. and Mrs. Peters went (1) Brighton (2) a holiday (3) last summer. Brighton is a town (4) the sea (5) England. Mr. Peters likes (6) fishing very much, and (7) the first day he said (8) his wife, "I'm going to go (9) fishing (10) the sea. Are you going to come (11) me?" Mr. Peters went (12) (13) a boat alone and fished (14) several hours. But he caught nothing – except (15) an advertisement (16) a piece (17) plastic (18) a fish-shop (19) the town. He went back (20) the hotel and gave it (21) his wife. "How did you catch that?" she asked him. "A diver put it (22) my hook," Mr. Peters answered.

Task 7. Answer the questions about the story.

1. Where did Mr. and Mrs. Peters go for a holiday?
2. When did they go there?
3. Where is Brighton?
4. What does Mr. Peters like doing?
5. What did he say to his wife on the first day?
6. What did he ask his wife about?
7. Did Mrs. Peters agree to join her husband?
8. Why not?
9. How long did Mr. Peters fish alone?
10. Did he catch anything?
11. What was the ad about?
12. What did Mr. Peters do with the ad?
13. What did she ask him?
14. What was Mr. Peters' answer?

Task 8. Translate the sentences into English and put the events of the story in the correct order.

(___) Он ничего не поймал, кроме рекламного объявления на куске пластика.

(___) Он вернулся в гостиницу.

(___) Прошлым летом мистер и миссис Питерс решили провести отпуск в Брайтоне.

(___) Брайтон – это небольшой приморской городок в Англии.

(___) Господин Питерс очень любил ловить рыбу.

(___) Он спросил, хочет ли его жена отправиться на рыбалку вместе с ним.

Task 9. Retell the story as close to the text as possible.

Story 2. Two Different People

Task 1. Test yourself. Match the English words and word combinations with their Ukrainian / Russian equivalents.

1) to lose	a) бороться / боротися
2) a job	b) все / усе
3) everything	c) друг друга / один одного
4) wrong	d) другая половина / друга половина
5) to fight	e) карман / кишенья
6) each other	f) неправильно / невірно
7) to send	g) обследовать / обстежити
8) to examine	h) отправить / відправити
9) a bill	i) платить / платити
10) a pocket	j) потерять / втрачати
11) the other half	k) работа / робота
12) to pay	l) счет / рахунок

Task 2. Read the joke and do the activities that follow.

Norman Harris worked in an office for twenty years, but then he lost his job, because he began doing everything wrong. His wife sent him to a doctor, and the doctor asked him a lot of questions for an hour and then said to him, "Mr. Harris, there are two different people in you, and they're fighting each other. I'm going to send you to a hospital for a week, and I'm going to examine you again after that."

The doctor gave him a bill for £20. Norman took £10 out of his pocket and gave it to the doctor. Then he said to him, "Get the other half from the other man. I'm not going to pay for him too!"

Task 3. Match the halves of the word combinations from the story.

1) to begin doing everything	a) a lot of questions
2) to ask sb	b) each other
3) to fight	c) half
4) to send sb	d) out of one's pocket
5) to take £10	e) to a hospital
6) the other	f) wrong

Task 4. Divide the verbs from the story into regular and irregular and give their past forms.

Infinitive	Past Simple	Past Participle
to work		
to lose		
to begin		
to do		
to send		
to ask		
to say		
to fight		
to examine		
to give		
to take		
to get		
to pay		

Task 5. Find the words in the story which mean the opposite.

- | | |
|---------------|-----------------|
| 1) to rest; | 6) to receive; |
| 2) to find; | 7) to answer; |
| 3) despite; | 8) an answer; |
| 4) to finish; | 9) the same; |
| 5) right; | 10) to give in. |

Task 6. Fill in the gaps with prepositions.

Norman Harris worked (1) an office (2) twenty years. His wife sent him (3) a doctor, and the doctor asked him a lot (4) questions (5) an hour and then said (6) him, "Mr. Harris, there are two different people (7) you, and they're fighting (8) each other. I'm going to send you (9) a hospital (10) a week, and I'm going to examine you again (11) that." The doctor gave (12) him a bill (13) £20. Norman took £10 (14) (15) his pocket and gave it (16) the doctor. Then he said (17) him, "Get the other half (18) the other man. I'm not going to pay (19) him too!"

Task 7. Answer the questions about the story.

1. How long did Norman Harris work in an office?
2. What happened then?
3. Why did he lose his job?
4. What did his wife do?
5. What did the doctor do?
6. What did the doctor say?
7. What was the doctor going to do?
8. What did the doctor give him?
9. What did Norman do?
10. What did he say then?

Task 8. Translate the sentences into English and put the events of the story in the correct order.

(___) Врач целый час задавал ему вопросы.

(___) Доктор выписал ему счет.

(___) Доктор хотел положить его в больницу на неделю, чтобы потом вновь его обследовать.

(___) Жена отправила его к врачу.

(___) Затем он потерял работу из-за того, что стал все делать неправильно.

(___) Затем он сказал, что в Нормане живут два разных человека, которые постоянно соперничают друг с другом.

(___) Норман заплатил половину.

(___) Норман Харрис проработал в офисе 20 лет.

(___) Он сказал, что не собирается платить за другого человека.

(___) Он сказал, чтобы остальную половину доктор взял с другого человека.

Task 9. Retell the story as close to the text as possible.

Story 3. A Mathematics Test

Task 1. Test yourself. Match the English words and word combinations with their Ukrainian / Russian equivalents.

1) clever	a) большинство / більшість
2) most of	b) брюки / штани
3) a pupil	c) карман / кишенья
4) to be good at	d) кого-то другого / когось другого
5) a pocket	e) левый / лівий
6) left	f) никто / жоден
7) right	g) правый / правий
8) none	h) умный / розумний
9) somebody else's	i) ученик / учень
10) trousers	j) хорошо уметь что-то делать / гарно вміти щось робити

Task 2. Read the joke and do the activities that follow.

Most of the pupils in his class at school were not very good at mathematics, but John usually answered the teacher's questions very well.

Last Tuesday the teacher said to the class, "Now I'm going to give you a mathematics test. I'm going to give you a question and say a name, and that boy or girl's going to answer. Now, there's £5.73 in your left pocket, and £3.27 in your right pocket. What have you got? Peter? Mary? Helen?"

None of the pupils said anything for a long time. Then the teacher said, "What's the answer, John?"

John answered quickly, "Somebody else's trousers!"

Task 3. Find the words in the story which mean the same.

- | | |
|--------------------|----------------|
| 1) smart; | 6) fine; |
| 2) schoolchildren; | 7) trial; |
| 3) apt; | 8) nobody; |
| 4) as a rule; | 9) afterwards; |
| 5) a reply; | 10) fast. |

Task 4. Fill in the gaps with prepositions.

Most (1) the pupils (2) his class (3) school were not very good (4) mathematics, but John usually answered (5) the teacher's questions very well. (6) last Tuesday the teacher said (7) the class, "There's £5.73 (8) your left pocket." None (9) the pupils said anything (10) a long time.

Task 5. Match the halves of the word combinations from the story.

1) a clever	a) a long time
2) most	b) a name
3) at	c) a test
4) very good	d) at maths
5) somebody else's	e) boy
6) to give sb	f) nothing
7) to say	g) of the pupils
8) none	h) school
9) for	i) trousers

Task 6. Answer the questions about the story.

1. How old was John?
2. What was he good at?
3. How did he usually answer the teacher's questions?
4. What did the teacher say to the class last Tuesday?
5. Who did the teacher ask to answer his question?
6. Did any of the pupils say anything?
7. What was John's answer?

Task 7. Translate the sentences into English and put the events of the story in the correct order.

- (___) Джону было десять лет.
(___) Он был умным мальчиком.
(___) Большинство из его одноклассников плохо успевали по математике.
(___) Обычно Джон хорошо отвечал на все вопросы учителя.
(___) Учитель собирался дать детям математическую задачу.
(___) Учитель задал вопрос и назвал имя.
(___) Никто из учеников долго ничего не говорил.
(___) Затем учитель задал этот же вопрос Джону.

Task 8. Retell the story as close to the text as possible.

Story 4. The Name of An Air-Hostess

Task 1. Test yourself. Match the English words and word combinations with their Ukrainian / Russian equivalents.

1) Germany	a) вернуться / повернутися
2) to come back	b) впереди / попереду
3) young	c) высокий / високий
4) to pass	d) Германия / Німеччина
5) tall	e) кресло / крісло
6) pretty	f) молодой / молодий
7) an air-hostess	g) пройти мимо / проходити повз
8) the crew	h) симпатичный / симпатичний
9) in front	i) стюардесса / стюардеса
10) a seat	j) экипаж / екіпаж

Task 2. Read the joke and do the activities that follow.

Mr. Green went to Germany, because he had some work there. He came back last Monday, and his young wife met him at the airport. They walked to their car and passed a tall, pretty air-hostess. Mr. Green said to her, "Goodbye, Miss Harris," and the air-hostess smiled and said, "Goodbye" too.

Mrs. Green stopped and looked at the air-hostess. Then she said to her husband, "How did you know her name?"

"That was easy," answered Mr. Green. "The names of the captain and all the crew were on a piece of paper in front of our seats."

"What was the name of the captain?" Mrs. Green asked with a smile.

Mr. Green laughed and answered, "I don't remember any of the other names."

Task 3. Divide the verbs from the story into regular and irregular and give their past forms.

Infinitive	Past Simple	Past Participle
to go		
to have		
to come		
to meet		
to walk		
to pass		
to say		
to smile		

to stop		
to look		
to know		
to answer		
to be		
to laugh		
to remember		

Task 4. Find the words in the story which mean the opposite.

- | | |
|-----------------|-----------------|
| 1) to leave; | 5) hello; |
| 2) old; | 6) hard; |
| 3) to run away; | 7) at the back; |
| 4) ugly; | 8) to forget. |

Task 5. Fill in the gaps with prepositions.

Mr. Green went (1) Germany. He came (2) last Monday, and his young wife met him (3) the airport. They walked (4) their car and passed a tall, pretty air-hostess. Mr. Green said (5) her, "Goodbye, Miss Harris." Mrs. Green stopped and looked (6) the air-hostess. "The names (7) the captain and all the crew were (8) a piece of paper (9) front (10) our seats." "What was the name (11) the captain?" Mrs. Green asked (12) a smile. Mr. Green laughed and answered, "I don't remember any (13) the other names."

Task 6. Answer the questions about the story.

1. Where did Mr. Green go?
2. Why did he go to Germany?
3. When did he come back?
4. Who met him at the airport?
5. Where did they walk?
6. Who did they pass?
7. What did the air-hostess look like?
8. What did Mr. Green say to her?
9. What did she answer?
10. What did Mrs. Green do?
11. Who did she look at?
12. What did she ask her husband?
13. Where were the names of the captain and the crew?
14. Did Mr. Green remember any other names? Why?

Task 7. Translate the sentences into English and put the events of the story in the correct order.

(___) В аэропорту его встретила его молодая жена.

(___) Жена посмотрела на стюардессу и спросила мужа, почему он запомнил ее имя.

(___) Имена командира экипажа и членов экипажа были написаны на листке бумаги, прикрепленном перед сиденьями.

(___) Миссис Грин спросила, как звали командира экипажа.

(___) Мистер Грин ездил в Германию по делам.

(___) Мистер Грин засмеялся и сказал, что не запомнил ничьих других имен.

(___) Мистер Грин попрощался со стюардессой и она, улыбнувшись, попрощалась в ответ.

(___) Он вернулся в прошлый понедельник.

(___) Они направились к машине и прошли мимо стюардессы.

(___) Стюардесса была высокая и симпатичная.

Task 8. Retell the story as close to the text as possible.

Story 5. The Art Exhibition

Task 1. Test yourself. Match the English words and word combinations with their Ukrainian / Russian equivalents.

1) an artist	a) выставка / виставка
2) to paint	b) выставочный зал в деревне / виставкова зала у селі
3) modern	c) зонтик / парасолька
4) a picture	d) идти (о дожде) / йти (про дощ)
5) a square	e) картина / картина
6) a circle	f) квадрат / квадрат
7) a sheep	g) круг / коло
8) sky	h) небо / небо
9) an exhibition	i) овца / вівця
10) a village hall	j) посетитель / відвідувач
11) a visitor	k) рисовать / малювати
12) to rain	l) современный / сучасний
13) an umbrella	m) художник / художник

Task 2. Read the joke and do the activities that follow.

Ted Lawrence was an artist. He painted very modern pictures – blue squares and yellow circles, red sheep and green skies.

Last December, there was an exhibition of his pictures in our village hall for a week, and there was a big book on a table at the door. In it, there were two questions:

"Why did you come to this exhibition?"

"Which of the pictures did you like?"

Every evening, Ted went to the book and read the visitors' answers.

The weather was not very good, and on the Saturday, it rained a lot. That evening Ted looked at the book at the door of the hall, and read one lady's answers to his two questions. They were:

"I did not like any of the pictures. I came into the exhibition because it began raining, and I didn't have an umbrella."

Task 3. Divide the verbs from the story into regular and irregular and give their past forms.

Infinitive	Past Simple	Past Participle
to paint		
to come		
to like		
to go		
to read		
to rain		
to look		
to begin		

Task 4. Find the words in the story which mean the same.

- | | |
|-------------------|----------------|
| 1) to colour; | 7) a lobby; |
| 2) contemporary; | 8) a register; |
| 3) a show; | 9) a guest; |
| 4) a settlement; | 10) a reply; |
| 5) approximately; | 11) each; |
| 6) seven days; | 12) a parasol. |

Task 5. Fill in the gaps with prepositions.

There was an exhibition (1) his pictures (2) our village hall (3) a week (4) last December, and there was a big book (5) a table (6) the door. (7) it, there were two questions: "Why did you come (8) this exhibition?" "Which (9) the pictures did you like?" Ted went (10) the book and read the visitors' answers (11) every evening. (12) the Saturday, it rained a lot. (13) that evening Ted looked (14) the book (15) the door (16) the hall, and read one lady's answers (17) his two questions. She did not like any (18) the pictures. She came (19) the exhibition because it began raining.

Task 6. Answer the questions about the story.

1. What did Ted Lawrence do?
2. What pictures did he paint?
3. When was there an exhibition of his pictures in the village hall?
4. How long was the exhibition?
5. What was there on the table at the door?
6. What was written in the book?
7. What did Ted do every evening?
8. What was the weather like on the Saturday?
9. How many visitors wrote their answers that evening?
10. Did the lady like any of the pictures?
11. Why did she come to the exhibition?

Task 7. Translate the sentences into English and put the events of the story in the correct order.

- (___) В книге был только один отзыв.
- (___) В ней было два вопроса.
- (___) В субботу погода была неважная, шел дождь.
- (___) Женщина написала, что ей не понравилась ни одна картина.
- (___) Каждый вечер Тед читал ответы посетителей.
- (___) На столе у двери лежала большая книга.
- (___) Он рисовал современные картины.
- (___) Она зашла на выставку, так как пошел дождь, а у нее не было зонта.
- (___) Тед Лоренс был художником.
- (___) У него была выставка в прошлом декабре.

Task 8. Retell the story as close to the text as possible.

Story 6. No Dentist Needed

Task 1. Test yourself. Match the English words and word combinations with their Ukrainian / Russian equivalents.

1) by bus;	a) болеть / боліти;
2) a neighbour;	b) встать / встати;
3) a tooth;	c) зуб / зуб;
4) teeth;	d) зубы / зуби;
5) to hurt;	e) на автобусе / на автобусі;
6) to stop hurting;	f) перестать болеть / перестати боліти;
7) badly;	g) радостно / радісно;
8) a dentist;	h) сильно / сильно;
9) happily;	i) сосед / сусід;
10) to stand up	j) стоматолог / стоматолог

Task 2. Read the joke and do the activities that follow.

Mr. White found work in a small town, and he and his wife sold their house in London and bought one in the new town. Mr. White went to work by bus every day with some of his new neighbours.

Last month he was on the bus, and one of his new neighbours was in front of him. Mr. White said to him, "One of my teeth is hurting very badly. Is there a good dentist here?"

"You don't want a dentist," answered the neighbour. "One of my teeth hurt a lot yesterday too, but my wife put her arms round me and kissed me, and the tooth stopped hurting. Go and try that too."

Mr. White stood up. "Good," he said happily. "Where's your wife now?"

Task 3. Match the halves of the word combinations from the story.

1) go	a) bus
2) by	b) day
3) every	c) hurting
4) last	d) month
5) to be	e) of sb
6) in front	f) on the bus
7) to put	g) one's arms round sb
8) to stop	h) to work

Task 4. Divide the verbs from the story into regular and irregular and give their past forms.

Infinitive	Past Simple	Past Participle	Infinitive	Past Simple	Past Participle
to find			to answer		
to sell			to put		
to buy			to kiss		
to go			to stop		
to say			to try		
to hurt			to stand		
to want					

Task 5. Find the words in the story which mean the opposite.

- | | |
|----------------|------------------|
| 1) to lose; | 6) occasionally; |
| 2) a big city; | 7) next; |
| 3) to buy; | 8) behind; |
| 4) to sell; | 9) bad; |
| 5) old; | 10) tomorrow. |

Task 6. Fill in the gaps with prepositions.

Mr. White found work (1) a small town. He went (2) work (3) bus every day (4) some (5) his new neighbours. Last month he was (6) the bus, and one (7) his new neighbours was (8) front (9) him. The neighbour said, "One (10) my teeth hurt a lot yesterday too, but my wife put her arms (11) me and kissed me, and the tooth stopped hurting."

Task 7. Answer the questions about the story.

- Where did Mr. White find work?
- What did he and his wife do with their house in London?
- Where did they live in the new town?
- How did Mr. White go to work every day?
- Who did he usually go to work with?
- What did Mr. White say to his new neighbour once?
- What did he ask him about?
- What was the neighbour's answer?
- Why did he say that Mr. White needed no dentist?
- What did Mr. White reply?

Task 8. Translate the sentences into English and put the events of the story in the correct order.

(___) Господин Уайт нашел работу в небольшом городке.

(___) Они с женой продали свой дом в Лондоне и купили себе новый дом в городке.

(___) Господин Уайт каждый день ездил на работу на автобусе со своими новыми соседями.

(___) Один из его новых соседей сидел напротив него в автобусе.

(___) Господин Уайт спросил у него, есть ли в городе хороший стоматолог.

(___) У господина Уайта разболелся зуб.

(___) Новый сосед сказал ему, что стоматолог не был ему нужен.

(___) У него вчера очень болел зуб.

(___) Его жена обняла и поцеловала его.

(___) После этого зуб перестал болеть.

(___) Господин Уайт спросил у соседа, где его жена.

Task 9. Retell the story as close to the text as possible.

Story 7. Why Are You Late?

Task 1. Test yourself. Match the English words and word combinations with their Ukrainian / Russian equivalents.

1) at the back;	a) в другой день / другого дня;
2) always;	b) в течение / протягом;
3) often;	c) вовремя / вчасно;
4) to go to sleep;	d) всегда / завжди;
5) during;	e) заснуть / заснути;
6) to stay up late;	f) не спать допоздна / не спати допізна;
7) to be asleep;	g) очень поздно / дуже пізно;
8) another day;	h) приехать / приїхати;
9) to arrive;	i) сзади / позаду;
10) very late;	j) спать / спати;
11) at the right time	k) часто / часто

Task 2. Read the joke and do the activities that follow.

Larry was sixteen years old. He was a student, but he was not a very good one. He always sat at the back of the class, and he often went to sleep during lessons, because he stayed up late every night.

One of Larry's teachers was Miss Perry. One day Larry was asleep in her class, and she came and woke him up. "You can go to sleep in my class, Larry," she said to him, "but please say, "Good night" to me first."

Another day, Larry arrived at school very late in the morning, and Miss Perry said to him, "Why are you late, Larry?"

"I didn't wake up at the right time this morning, Miss," Larry answered.

"Oh," Miss Perry said, "do you sleep at home too?"

Task 3. Match the halves of the word combinations from the story.

1) at the back	a) at school
2) go	b) at the right time
3) during	c) in the morning
4) stay up	d) late
5) every	e) lessons
6) wake	f) night
7) arrive	g) of the class
8) very late	h) sb up
9) wake up	i) to sleep

Task 4. Divide the verbs from the story into regular and irregular and give their past forms.

Infinitive	Past Simple	Past Participle
to say		
to go		
to stay		
to come		
to wake		
to say		
to arrive		
to sleep		

Task 5. Find the words in the story which mean the same.

- | | |
|------------------|----------------------|
| 1) all the time; | 4) in the course of; |
| 2) behind; | 5) to awaken. |
| 3) frequently; | |

Task 6. Fill in the gaps with prepositions.

Larry always sat (1) the back (2) the class, and he often went to sleep (3) lessons, because he stayed (4) late every night. One day Larry was asleep (5) class, and the teacher came and woke him (6). "You can go to sleep (7) my class, Larry," she said (8) him, "but please say, "Good night" (9) me first." Another day, Larry arrived (10) school very late (11) the morning, and Miss Perry said (12) him, "Why are you late, Larry?" "I didn't wake (13) (14) the right time (15) this morning, Miss," Larry answered. "Oh," Miss Perry said, "do you sleep (16) home too?"

Task 7. Answer the questions about the story.

1. How old was Larry?
2. Was he a good student?
3. Where did he always sit in class?
4. What did he often do during lessons?
5. Why did it happen?
6. What did Miss Perry do when Larry was asleep in her class?
7. What did she say to Larry?
8. What did she ask him to say first?
9. When did Larry come to school another day?
10. Why was he late?
11. What did the teacher say?

Task 8. Translate the sentences into English and put the events of the story in the correct order.

(___) В другой день, Ларри пришел в школу очень поздно.

(___) Ларри было 16 лет.

(___) Ларри ответил, что не проснулся дома вовремя.

(___) Однажды, когда Ларри заснул на уроке, учительница разбудила его и сказала, что разрешает ему спать на уроках, если он сначала скажет ей, "Спокойной ночи!".

- () Он был не очень хорошим учеником.
 () Он всегда сидел в конце класса.
 () Он часто засыпал на уроках, потому что ложился спать поздно.
 () Учительница спросила его, почему он опоздал.
 () Учительница удивилась.

Task 9. Retell the story as close to the text as possible.

Story 8. Everything's Different Now

Task 1. Test yourself. Match the English words and word combinations with their Ukrainian / Russian equivalents.

1) around;	a) вокруг / навколо;
2) surprised;	b) звонок / дзвінок;
3) a bell;	c) каждый / кожний;
4) the walls;	d) кухня / кухня;
5) every;	e) подняться из / піднятися із;
6) a servant;	f) слуга / слуга;
7) kitchen;	g) спуститься в / спуститися до;
8) to come up from;	h) стены / стіни;
9) to come down to	i) удивленный / здивований

Task 2. Read the joke and do the activities that follow.

Mr. and Mrs. Miller came to London and bought a very old house there. Then Mrs. Miller's old friend, Mrs. Yates, came and visited her. Mrs. Yates went around the house with Mrs. Miller, and she was surprised, because there were bells on the walls of every room. She said to Mrs. Miller, "Why have you got all those bells in your house, Gladys?"

Mrs. Miller answered, "Fifty years ago, ladies and gentlemen had servants. The ladies and gentlemen rang the bells in the rooms, and then the servants came up from the kitchen. But now everything's different. I work in the kitchen, and I sometimes ring the bells in the rooms. Then my husband, or my children come down and help me."

Task 3. Divide the verbs from the story into regular and irregular and give their past forms.

Infinitive	Past Simple	Past Participle
to come		
to buy		
to visit		
to go		
to say		
to have		
to get		
to answer		
to ring		
to work		
to help		

Task 4. Find the words in the story which mean the opposite.

- | | |
|-----------------|-----------------|
| 1) to leave; | 7) a question; |
| 2) to sell; | 8) nothing; |
| 3) new; | 9) the same; |
| 4) an enemy; | 10) to rest; |
| 5) indifferent; | 11) always; |
| 6) none; | 12) to disturb. |

Task 5. Fill in the gaps with prepositions.

Mrs. Yates went (1) the house with Mrs. Miller, and she was surprised, because there were bells (2) the walls (3) every room. She said (4) Mrs. Miller, "Why have you got all those bells (5) your house, Gladys?"

Mrs. Miller answered, "Fifty years ago, the ladies and gentlemen rang (6) the bells (7) the rooms, and then the servants came (8) (9) the kitchen. But now I work (10) the kitchen, and I sometimes ring the bells in the rooms. Then my husband, or my children come (11) and help (12) me."

Task 6. Answer the questions about the story.

- Where did Mr. and Mrs. Miller buy a house?
- What kind of house was it?
- Who came and visited Mrs. Miller?
- Why was she surprised?
- What did she ask the lady of the house?
- How long ago did ladies and gentlemen have servants?

7. Why did they ring the bells in the rooms?
8. What did their servants do then?
9. When does Mrs. Miller ring the bells in the rooms?
10. Who then comes down and helps her?

Task 7. Translate the sentences into English and put the events of the story in the correct order.

(___) Когда дамы и господа звонили в колокольчики, слуги поднимались из кухни.

(___) Когда миссис Миллер работает на кухне, она иногда звонит в колокольчик.

(___) Миссис Миллер ответила, что 50 лет назад, у дам и господ были слуги.

(___) Мистерр и миссис Миллер приехали в Лондон.

(___) Однажды знакомая миссис Миллер пришла ее навестить.

(___) Она очень удивилась, потому что на стенах каждой комнаты висели колокольчики.

(___) Она спросила у хозяйки, зачем они были нужны.

(___) Они купили там очень старый дом.

(___) Теперь все изменилось.

(___) Тогда ее муж и дети спускаются на кухню и помогают ей.

Task 8. Retell the story as close to the text as possible.

Story 9. Work in an Office

Task 1. Test yourself. Match the English words and word combinations with their Ukrainian / Russian equivalents.

1) to visit;	a) в течение / протягом;
2) the manager;	b) до этого, раньше / до цього, раніш;
3) because;	c) половина / половина;
4) to want;	d) полтора года / півтора року;
5) work;	e) посетитъ / відвідати;
6) before;	f) потому что / тому що;
7) a half;	g) правильно / вірно;
8) a year and a half;	h) работа / робота;
9) correct;	i) управляющий / керівник;
10) during	j) хотеть / хотіти

Task 2. Read the joke and do the activities that follow.

Edward Lake was twenty. He visited the manager of a bank, because he wanted work there. The manager's name was Thompson.

Mr. Thompson said to Edward, "Where did you work before?" Edward answered, "I was in an office in London."

"For how long?" the manager asked.

"For a year and a half," Edward answered.

"Which office?" the manager asked then.

Edward gave him the name, and Mr. Thompson telephoned the manager there.

"How long did Edward Lake work for you?" Mr. Thompson asked.

"About a week," the other manager answered.

"But he said, "I was there for a year and a half!" Mr. Thompson said.

"Yes, that's correct," was the answer.

"He was with us for a year and a half, but he only worked for a week during that time."

Task 3. Divide the verbs from the story into regular and irregular and give their past forms.

Infinitive	Past Simple	Past Participle
to visit		
to want		
to say		
to work		
to answer		
to ask		
to give		
to telephone		

Task 4. Find the words in the story which mean the same.

- | | |
|---------------------|---------------------------|
| 1) to come; | 6) approximately; |
| 2) previously; | 7) seven days; |
| 3) eighteen months; | 8) right; |
| 4) to make a call; | 9) for; |
| 5) the director; | 10) to earn one's living. |

Task 5. Fill in the gaps with prepositions.

The manager (1) a bank; to be (2) an office (3) London (4) for a year and a half; to be (5) us, but to work only (6) a week (8) that time.

Task 6. Answer the questions about the story.

1. How old was Edward Lake?
2. Who did he visit one day?
3. What did he want?
4. What did Mr. Thompson ask Edward?
5. Where did Edward work before?
6. How long did he work there?
7. Who did Mr. Thompson telephone?
8. What did he ask the manager about?
9. How long did Edward Lake work for them?
10. How long was Edward Lake with them?

Task 7. Translate the sentences into English and put the events of the story in the correct order.

(___) Эдварду Лейку было 20 лет.

(___) Он хотел работу в банке.

(___) Эдвард пришел к управляющему банком.

(___) Управляющий спросил Эдварда, где он работал до этого.

(___) До этого он работал в офисе в Лондоне.

(___) Он проработал там полтора года.

(___) Управляющий позвонил в офис.

(___) Он спросил, сколько у них работал Эдвард.

(___) Управляющий офиса сказал, что Эдвард был с ними полтора года.

(___) Но за все это время он работал лишь неделю.

Task 8. Retell the story as close to the text as possible.

Story 10. They don't Need a Mirror

Task 1. Test yourself. Match the English words and word combinations with their Ukrainian / Russian equivalents.

1) twins;	а) близнецы / близнюки;
2) to like;	б) быть нужным / бути потрібним;
3) nice clothes;	с) взять кого-л в магазин / взяти когось в магазин;
4) the same;	д) вновь / знов;
5) last week;	

6) a dress;	e) друг друга / один одного;
7) to take sb to a shop;	f) зеркало / дзеркало;
8) What colour?	g) Какого цвета? / Якого кольору?
9) this time;	h) красивая одежда / гарний одяг;
10) a mirror;	i) на прошлой неделе / минулого тижня;
11) to laugh;	j) на этот раз / цього разу;
12) again;	k) нравится / подобатися;
13) to need;	l) одинаковый / однаковий;
14) each other	m) платье / плаття;
	n) смеяться / сміятися

Task 2. Read the joke and do the activities that follow.

Annie and Julie were twins, and they were ten years old. They liked nice clothes very much, and they always wanted the same ones. Last week their mother said, "Today I'm going to buy you some new dresses," and the girls were very happy. Their mother took them to a shop in town and said to them, "What colour do you want this time?" "Blue!" both of them answered together, and then they all laughed.

A woman brought them some pretty blue dresses, and the twins put them on. The woman said to them, "There's a mirror on that wall. Look at yourselves in it." Their mother laughed again and said, "They don't need a mirror. They always look at each other in their new clothes."

Task 3. Match the halves of the word combinations from the story.

1) to like sth	a) week
2) at each	b) the same
3) last	c) other
4) to look	d) to a shop
5) to put	e) sth on
6) to take sb	f) on the wall
7) a mirror	g) very much

Task 4. Divide the verbs from the story into regular and irregular and give their past forms.

Infinitive	Past Simple	Past Participle
to want		
to say		
to go		

to buy		
to take		
to want		
to answer		
to laugh		
to put		
to look		
to need		

Task 5. Find the words in the story which mean the opposite.

- | | | |
|----------------|-------------|-----------------|
| 1) to dislike; | 4) next; | 7) sad; |
| 2) different; | 5) to sell; | 8) to cry; |
| 3) never; | 6) old; | 9) to take off. |

Task 6. Fill in the gaps with prepositions.

Their mother took them (1) a shop (2) town and said (3) them, "What colour do you want (4) this time?" The twins put their new dresses (5). "Look (6) yourselves (7) the mirror (8) the wall." They always look (9) each other (10) their new clothes."

Task 7. Answer the questions about the story.

- How old were Annie and Julie?
- What did they like very much?
- What did they always want?
- What was their mother going to do one day?
- Where did the girls' mother take them?
- What did she ask them about in the shop?
- What colour did the girls want?
- What did the twins do then?
- What did the shop assistant tell them?
- What did the girls' mother answer?
- Why didn't the girls need a mirror?

Task 8. Translate the sentences into English and put the events of the story in the correct order.

- (___) Анни и Джули были близнецами.
 (___) Девочки очень обрадовались.
 (___) Девочки хором сказали "Синий!" и рассмеялись.

- (___) И всегда хотели одеваться одинаково.
 (___) Мама спросила их, какого цвета платья им купить.
 (___) На прошлой неделе их мама решила повести их в магазин.
 (___) Они всегда смотрели друг на друга в новой одежде.
 (___) Они очень любили красиво одеваться.
 (___) Они примерили свои новые платья.

Task 9. Retell the story as close to the text as possible.

Story 11. Two Old Men

Task 1. Test yourself. Match the English words and word combinations with their Ukrainian / Russian equivalents.

1) last Thursday;	a) быть похожим на кого-то / бути схожим на когось;
2) to go out for a walk;	b) в прошлый четверг / минулого четверга;
3) wet;	c) дешёвый / дешевый;
4) a quarter;	d) дорогой / дорогой;
5) a quarter of an hour;	e) каждый / кожен;
6) cheap;	f) мокрый / мокрий;
7) each;	g) оба / обидва;
8) both;	h) пойти на прогулку / піти на прогулянку;
9) to be like someone else;	i) четверть / четверть;
10) expensive	j) четверть часа / четверть години

Task 2. Read the joke and do the activities that follow.

Two old men were friends. They had no work last Thursday and they went out for a walk. But it was cold and wet in the streets, and after a quarter of an hour, they went into a big shop. It sold cheap, second-hand things. Each of the old men said to himself, "My friend's going to buy something. He wants something in here," but both of them were in the shop because it was warm and dry.

They walked around for another quarter of an hour and looked at a lot of things, and then each of them said to himself, "He doesn't want anything. He's like me."

Then one of them said, "We aren't going to buy anything, are we? Come and look at some more beautiful things in the expensive shops."

Task 3. Match the halves of the word combinations from the story.

1) last	a) around
2) to go out	b) at a lot of things
3) a quarter	c) for a walk
4) both	d) of an hour
5) to walk	e) of them
6) to look	f) Thursday
7) to say	g) to oneself

Task 4. Divide the verbs from the story into regular and irregular and give their past forms.

Infinitive	Past Simple	Past Participle
to have		
to go		
to sell		
to say		
to buy		
to want		
to walk		
to look		
to come		

Task 5. Find the words in the story which mean the same.

- | | |
|-------------------|---------------------|
| 1) acquaintances; | 6) a store; |
| 2) job; | 7) inexpensive; |
| 3) stroll; | 8) fifteen minutes; |
| 4) chilly; | 9) many; |
| 5) humid; | 10) to plan. |

Task 6. Fill in the gaps with prepositions.

Two old men had no work (1) last Thursday and they went (2) (3) a walk. (4) a quarter (5) an hour, they went (6) a big shop. Each (7) the old men said (8) himself, "My friend wants something (9) here," but both (10) them were (11) the shop because it was warm and dry.

They walked (12) (13) another quarter (14) an hour and looked (15) a lot of things. Then they decided to go and look (16) some more beautiful things (17) the expensive shops.

Task 7. Answer the questions about the story.

1. Why did the two men go out for a walk last Thursday?
2. What was the weather like?
3. Where did they go after a quarter of an hour?
4. What kind of shop was it?
5. What did both of the men say to themselves?
6. What was the true reason they were in the shop?
7. How long were they in the shop?
8. What did they do then?
9. Did they go to the expensive shops?

Task 8. Translate the sentences into English and put the events of the story in the correct order.

() В прошлый четверг два друга решили пойти прогуляться.

() Но было мокро и холодно, и спустя четверть часа друзья зашли в большой магазин.

() Этот магазин продавал подержанные вещи.

() Они оба решили, что другой товарищ хотел что-то купить в магазине.

() Но на самом деле они зашли в магазин, потому что там было тепло и сухо.

() Они побродили по магазину еще минут пятнадцать.

() Затем каждый из них решил, что их друг не хотел там ничего покупать.

() Один из них сказал: "Мы ничего не будем здесь покупать."

() Лучше пойдем в дорогой магазин.

Task 9. Retell the story as close to the text as possible.

Story 12. The Driving License

Task 1. Test yourself. Match the English words and word combinations with their Ukrainian / Russian equivalents.

1. a shop;	а) быстро / швидко;
2. by car;	б) везде / усюди;
3. fat;	с) велосипед / велосипед;

4. soft;	d) впереди / попереду;
5. everywhere;	е) вялый / млявий;
6. a bicycle;	f) забрать / забрати;
7. a red light;	g) красный свет / червоне світло;
8. quickly;	h) магазин / магазин;
9. past;	i) мимо / мимо;
10. the front;	j) на машине / на автомобілі;
11. narrow;	к) позади / позаду;
12. behind;	l) тоже / також;
13. to take away;	м) толстый / товстий;
14. too	н) узкий / вузький

Task 2. Read the joke and do the activities that follow.

Mrs. Holland lives in a big city and she works in a shop. She went there by car every morning for twenty years. Then she was forty-five years old, and she said to herself, "I'm fat and soft now, because I go everywhere by car. I'm going to buy a bicycle."

She bought one, and after that, she always went to her shop on that, and not in her car. Sometimes all the cars stopped at a red light, and she went quickly past them to the front, because her bicycle was narrow. Then she was happy. Yesterday she stopped at a red light, and a man came up behind her on another bicycle. He stopped too and said, "Have the police taken your driving license away too?"

Task 3. Divide the verbs from the story into regular and irregular and give their past forms.

Infinitive	Past Simple	Past Participle
to live		
to work		
to go		
to buy		
to stop		
to come		
to take		

Task 4. Find the words in the story which mean the opposite.

- | | | |
|-------------|----------|-------------|
| 1) small; | 3) thin; | 5) nowhere; |
| 2) on foot; | 4) fit; | 6) to sell. |

Task 5. Fill in the gaps with prepositions.

She went there (3) car every morning (4) twenty years. Then she bought a bicycle, and (5) that, she always went (6) her shop (7) that, and not (8) her car. Sometimes all the cars stopped (9) a red light, and she went quickly (10) them (11) the front.

Yesterday she stopped (12) a red light, and a man came (13) (14) her (15) another bicycle because the police had taken his driving license (16).

Task 6. Answer the questions about the story.

1. Where does Mrs. Holland live?
2. Where does she work?
3. Why did she decide to buy a bicycle?
4. How did she go to her shop since then?
5. When was she happy?
6. What happened yesterday?
7. What did the man ask her?

Task 7. Translate the sentences into English and put the events of the story in the correct order.

(___) Вчера к ней подъехал другой велосипедист, когда она ждала зеленый свет.

(___) И ей это нравилось.

(___) И с того времени она стала ездить на работу на велосипеде.

(___) Иногда машины останавливались на красный.

(___) Каждое утро в течение 20 лет она ездила на работу на машине.

(___) Когда ей исполнилось 45, она решила купить велосипед.

(___) Миссис Холланд живет и работает в большом городе.

(___) Он спросил у нее, забрали ли полицейские ее права так же, как у него.

(___) Тогда она быстро проезжала мимо них, потому что ее велосипед был узкий.

Task 8. Retell the story as close to the text as possible.

Story 13. The Weather Forecast

Task 1. Test yourself. Match the English words and word combinations with their Ukrainian / Russian equivalents.

1) a film director;	a) больной / хворий;
2) to make a film;	b) важно / важливо;
3) a village;	c) деревня / село;
4) weather;	d) доброжелательно / доброзичливо;
5) important;	e) кинорежиссер / кінорежисер;
6) weather forecast;	f) облачно / хмарно;
7) to shine;	g) погода / погода;
8) cloudy;	h) прав / правий;
9) to be right;	i) прогноз погоды / прогноз погоди;
10) What's wrong?	j) светить / світити;
11) kindly;	k) сломан / зламаний;
12) ill;	l) снимать фильм / знімати фільм;
13) broken	m) Что случилось? / Що трапилось?

Task 2. Read the joke and do the activities that follow.

An English film director made a film in a small village in India. The weather was very important for making the film, and the director always listened to the weather forecasts on the radio. But then every morning, an old Indian said to the director, "It's going to rain today," or "The sun's going to shine today," or "It's going to be cloudy," and he was always right.

Then the film director stopped listening to the radio and asked the old man about the weather every morning. But one morning, the old man was not happy and did not speak to the film director.

"Look," the film director said kindly, "what's wrong? Are you ill? We've got a doctor here."

The Indian answered, "Radio. Broken."

Task 3. Match the halves of the word combinations from the story.

1) a film	a) a film
2) to make	b) director
3) a small	c) forecast
4) the weather	d) listening
5) on	e) morning
6) every	f) radio
7) to stop	g) the radio
8) what's	h) village
9) a broken	i) wrong?

Task 4. Divide the verbs from the story into regular and irregular and give their past forms.

Infinitive	Past Simple	Past Participle
to make		
to listen		
to say		
to rain		
to shine		
to stop		
to ask		
to speak		
to have		
to get		
to break		

Task 5. Find the words in the story which mean the same.

- | | |
|---------------|----------------|
| 1) essential; | 6) correct; |
| 2) as a rule; | 7) after that; |
| 3) little; | 8) sad; |
| 4) each; | 9) politely; |
| 5) elderly; | 10) sick. |

Task 6. Fill in the gaps with prepositions.

An English film director made a film (1) a small village (2) India. The weather was very important (3) making the film, and the director always listened (4) the weather forecasts (5) the radio. Then the film director stopped (6) listening (7) the radio and asked the old man (8) the weather (9) every morning. But (10) one morning, the old man was not happy and did not speak (11) the film director.

Task 7. Answer the questions about the story.

- Where did an English film director make a film?
- What was very important to know?
- What did the director always do?
- What did the old Indian say to him every morning?
- What did the film director stop doing?
- What happened one morning?
- What did the film director ask the old man?
- What did the old man answer?

Task 8. Translate the sentences into English and put the events of the story in the correct order.

() Затем кинорежиссер перестал слушать радио.

() И он всегда был прав.

() Но индеец не был болен.

() Но каждое утро один старый индеец рассказывал ему, какая будет погода.

() Но однажды утром индеец не захотел разговаривать с кинорежиссером.

() Один кинорежиссер снимал фильм в маленькой индийской деревушке.

() Он вежливо спросил его, что случилось.

() Он поинтересовался, не заболел ли старик.

() Он сказал, что сломалось радио.

() Он стал каждое утро спрашивать про погоду старого индийца.

() Погода имела большое значение для съемок фильма.

() Поэтому кинорежиссер всегда слушал прогноз погоды по радио.

Task 9. Retell the story as close to the text as possible.

Story 14. The Rat-Trap

Task 1. Test yourself. Match the English words and word combinations with their Ukrainian / Russian equivalents.

1) last Sunday;	a) 12.30;
2) an uncle;	b) апельсины / помаранчі;
3) to arrive;	c) в прошлое воскресенье / минулої неділі;
4) half past twelve;	d) вернуться / повернутися;
5) lunch;	e) вынести / виносити;
6) meat;	f) выходить / виходити;
7) oranges;	g) глаз / око;
8) cheese;	h) грязный / брудний;
9) a box;	i) дядя / дядько;
10) to take out;	j) коробка / коробка;
11) dirty;	k) крысоловка / пастка на щурів;
12) a plate;	l) кусочек / шматок;
13) kitchen;	m) кухня / кухня;

14) to go out;	n) мясо / м'ясо;
15) dining-room;	o) обед / обід;
16) quietly;	p) приехать / приїхати;
17) to come back;	q) рот / рот;
18) a piece;	r) столовая / їдальня;
19) a mouth;	s) сыр / сир;
20) an eye;	t) тарелка / тарілка;
21) a rat-trap	u) тихо / тихо

Task 2. Read the joke and do the activities that follow.

Tom is twelve. Last Saturday, his uncle David visited him and his parents. He arrived at eleven; and at half past twelve, they had their lunch. They had meat, and then oranges and apples.

Then Tom's mother said to Uncle David, "You like cheese very much, David, but the box is empty. I'm sorry." Then she took the dirty plates out to the kitchen.

Tom went out of the dining-room quietly and came back after a minute with a piece of cheese. He gave it to Uncle David, and Uncle David was happy. He put the piece of cheese in his mouth and then said, "You've got very good eyes, Tom. Where did you find this nice cheese?"

The boy answered, "In the rat-trap, Uncle David."

Task 3. Match the halves of the word combinations from the story.

1) last	a) a minute
2) half	b) back
3) dirty	c) of cheese
4) to go	d) out
5) to come	e) past twelve
6) after	f) plates
7) a piece	g) Saturday
8) a rat	h) trap

Task 4. Divide the verbs from the story into regular and irregular and give their past forms.

Infinitive	Past Simple	Past Participle
to visit		
to arrive		
to have		

to say		
to like		
to take		
to go		
to come		
to give		
to put		
to have		
to find		
to answer		

Task 5. Find the words in the story which mean the opposite.

- | | |
|-----------------|--------------|
| 1) next; | 6) to enter; |
| 2) to leave; | 7) loudly; |
| 3) before; | 8) upset; |
| 4) full; | 9) poor; |
| 5) to bring in; | 10) to lose. |

Task 6. Fill in the gaps with prepositions.

He arrived (1) eleven; and (2) half past twelve, they had their lunch. Then she took the dirty plates (3) (4) the kitchen. Tom went (5) (6) the dining-room quietly and came (7) (8) a minute (9) a piece (10) cheese. He gave it (11) Uncle David. He put the piece (12) cheese (13) his mouth.

Task 7. Answer the questions about the story.

- How old is Tom?
- Who visited him and his parents last Sunday?
- When did he arrive?
- What did they have for lunch?
- What did Tom's mother say then?
- Where did she go?
- What did Tom do?
- What did he give to uncle David?
- What did uncle David do?
- What did he say?
- Where did Tom find cheese?

Task 8. Translate the sentences into English and put the events of the story in the correct order.

(___) Тому 12 лет.

(___) В прошлое воскресенье к Тому и его родителям приехал в гости его дядя Давид.

(___) Он приехал в 11 и они пообедали.

(___) На обед они ели мясо, затем апельсины и яблоки.

(___) Дядя Тома очень любил сыр.

(___) Но сыр закончился.

(___) Тогда Том вышел из столовой и вернулся через минуту.

(___) В руках у него был кусок сыра.

(___) Дядя Том был очень доволен.

(___) Он положил кусок сыра в рот.

(___) Затем он спросил Тома, где он взял сыр.

(___) Том ответил, что взял его в крысоловке.

Task 9. Retell the story as close to the text as possible.

Story 15. The Back Door

Task 1. Test yourself. Match the English words and word combinations with their Ukrainian / Russian equivalents.

1) manager;	a) все остальные / решта;
2) afternoon;	b) день / день;
3) for a long time;	c) долго / довго;
4) a watch;	d) задняя дверь / задні двері;
5) a quarter;	e) запираеть / запирати;
6) to lock;	f) иногда / іноді;
7) between;	g) карман / кишенья;
8) street;	h) ключи / ключи;
9) keys;	i) между / поміж;
10) sometimes;	j) наручные часы / наручний годинник;
11) late;	k) никогда / ніколи;
12) after;	l) поздно / пізно;
13) everyone else;	m) посетитель / відвідувач;
14) a pocket;	n) после / після;
15) a visitor;	o) убирать / прибирати;
16) to clean;	p) улица / вулиця;

17) through;	q) управляющий / керуючий;
18) back door;	r) через / скрізь;
19) never	s) четверть / чверть

Task 2. Read the joke and do the activities that follow.

Mr. Wall is the manager of a big bank. Last Thursday afternoon, Mr. Nelson came to Mr. Wall's office in the bank and talked to him for a long time. Then Mr. Wall looked at his watch and said, "Look at the time! The bank closed a quarter of an hour ago! They've locked all the doors now, and there are three of them between us and the street. But I've got keys, because I sometimes work late here after everyone else." He took some keys out of his pocket. Mr. Wall and his visitor went out of his office, and then they saw Mrs. Field. She cleaned the bank every evening after 5.30. "Go out through the back door," she said to the manager. "They never lock that one."

Task 3. Match the halves of the word combinations from the story.

1) Thursday	a) a long time
2) for	b) afternoon
3) look	c) at the time
4) a quarter	d) else
5) everyone	e) evening
6) go out	f) of an hour
7) every	g) of the office
8) go out	h) through the back door

Task 4. Divide the verbs from the story into regular and irregular and give their past forms.

Infinitive	Past Simple	Past Participle
to come		
to talk		
to look		
to say		
to close		
to lock		
to work		
to take		
to go		
to see		
to clean		

Task 5. Find the words in the story which mean the same.

- 1) midday; 4) occasionally; 7) to leave.
2) to speak; 5) a client;
3) fifteen minutes; 6) each;

Task 6. Fill in the gaps with prepositions.

Mr. Wall is the manager (1) a big bank. (2) last Thursday afternoon, Mr. Nelson came (3) Mr. Wall's office (4) the bank and talked (5) him (6) a long time. Then Mr. Wall looked (7) his watch. He took some keys (8) (9) his pocket. They went (10) (11) his office.

Task 7. Answer the questions about the story.

1. What does Mr. Wall do?
2. Who came to visit him last Thursday afternoon?
3. Did they talk for a long time?
4. What did Mr. Wall look at?
5. What did he say?
6. When did the bank close?
7. What did Mr. Wall have?
8. What did he and his visitor do?
9. Who did they see?
10. What did Mrs. Field do?
11. What did she tell them?

Task 8. Translate the sentences into English and put the events of the story in the correct order.

- (___) Банк закрылся 15 минут назад.
(___) В прошлый четверг господин Нельсон навестил его.
(___) Все двери были заперты.
(___) Миссис Филд убирала в банке каждый вечер после 5:30.
(___) Господин Уолл – управляющий крупным банком.
(___) Но у господина Уолла были ключи.
(___) Она сказала, что задняя дверь никогда не запирается.
(___) Они вышли из офиса.

Task 9. Retell the story as close to the text as possible.

Basic Vocabulary

1) advertisement 1	рекламное объявление / оголошення
2) after 15	после / після
3) afternoon 15	день / день
4) again 10	вновь / знов
5) air-hostess 4	стюардесса / стюардеса
6) alone 1	один / один
7) always 7	всегда / завжди
8) another day 7	в другой день / другого дня
9) around 8	вокруг / навколо
10) arrive 7, 14	приехать / приїхати
11) artist 5	художник / художник
12) at the back 7	сзади / позаду
13) at the right time 7	вовремя / вчасно
14) back door 15	задняя дверь / задні двері
15) badly 6	сильно / сильно
16) be asleep 7	спать / спати
17) be good at 3	хорошо уметь что-то делать / гарно вміти щось робити
18) be like someone else 11	быть похожим на кого-то / бути схожим на когось
19) be right 13	быть правым / бути правим
20) because 9	потому что / тому що
21) before 9	до этого, раньше / до цього, раніш
22) behind 12	позади / позаду
23) bell 8	звонок / дзвінок
24) between 15	между / поміж
25) bicycle 12	велосипед / велосипед
26) bill 2	счет / рахунок
27) both 11	оба / обидва
28) box 14	коробка / коробка
29) broken 13	сломан / зламаний
30) by bus 6	на автобусе / на автобусі
31) by car 12	на машине / на автомобілі

32) by the sea 1	возле моря / біля моря
33) catch 1	поймать / піймати
34) cheap 11	дешевый / дешевий
35) cheese 14	сыр / сир
36) circle 5	круг / коло
37) clean 15	убирать / прибирати
38) clever 3	умный / розумний
39) cloudy 13	облачно / хмарно
40) come back 4, 14	вернуться / повернутися
41) come down to 8	спуститься в / спуститися до
42) come up from 8	подняться из / піднятися із
43) correct 9	правильно / вірно
44) dentist 6	стоматолог / стоматолог
45) dining-room 14	столовая / їдальня
46) dirty 14	грязный / брудний
47) diver 1	ныряльщик, водолаз / нирець, водолаз
48) dress 10	платье / плаття
49) during 7, 9	в течение / протягом
50) each 11	каждый / кожен
51) each other 2, 10	друг друга / один одного
52) every 8	каждый / кожний
53) everyone else 15	все остальные / решта
54) everything 2	все / усе
55) everywhere 12	езде / усюди
56) examine 2	обследовать / обстежити
57) except 1	кроме / окрім
58) exhibition 5	выставка / виставка
59) expensive 11	дорогой / дорогий
60) eye 14	глаз / око
61) fat 12	толстый / товстий
62) fight 2	бороться / боротися
63) film director 13	кинорежиссер / кінорежисер
64) fishing 1	рыбная ловля / рибна ловля
65) for a long time 15	долго / довго
66) Germany 4	Германия / Німеччина

67) go for a holiday 1	отправиться в отпуск / відправитися у відпустку
68) go out 14	выходить / виходити
69) go out fishing 1	отправиться на рыбалку / відправитися на рибальство
70) go out for a walk 11	пойти на прогулку / піти на прогулянку
71) go to sleep 7	заснуть / заснути
72) half 9	половина / половина
73) half past twelve 14	12.30
74) happily 6	радостно / радісно
75) hook 1	крючок / гачок
76) hurt 6	болеть / боліти
77) ill 13	больной / хворий
78) important 13	важно / важливо
79) in front 4	впереди / попереду
80) job 2	работа / робота
81) keys 15	ключи / ключи
82) kindly 13	доброжелательно / доброзичливо
83) kitchen 8, 14	кухня / кухня
84) last summer 1	прошлым летом / минулого літа
85) last Sunday 14	в прошлое воскресенье / минулої неділі
86) last Thursday 11	в прошлый четверг / минулого четверга
87) last week 10	на прошлой неделе / минулого тижня
88) late 15	поздно / пізно
89) laugh 10	смеяться / сміятися
90) left 3	левый / лівий
91) like 10	нравиться / подобатися
92) lock 15	запирать / запирати
93) lose 2	потерять / втрачати
94) lunch 14	обед / обід
95) make a film 13	снимать фильм / знімати фільм
96) manager 15	управляющий / керуючий
97) meat 14	мясо / м'ясо
98) mirror 10	зеркало / дзеркало
99) modern 5	современный / сучасний

100) most of	большинство / більшість
101) mouth 14	рот / рот
102) narrow 12	узкий / вузький
103) need 10	быть нужным / бути потрібним
104) neighbor 6	сосед / сусід
105) never 15	никогда / ніколи
106) nice clothes 10	красивая одежда / гарний одяг
107) none 3	никто / жоден
108) nothing 1	ничего / нічого
109) often 7	часто / часто
110) on the first day 1	в первый день / в перший день
111) oranges 14	апельсины / помаранчі
112) paint 5	рисовать / малювати
113) pass 4	пройти мимо / проходити повз
114) past 12	мимо / мимо
115) pay 2	платить / платити
116) picture 5	картина / картина
117) piece 14	кусочек / шматок
118) piece of plastic 1	кусочек пластика / шматок пластику
119) plate 14	тарелка / тарілка
120) pocket 2, 3, 15	карман / кишеня
121) pretty 4	симпатичный / симпатичний
122) pupil 3	ученик / учень
123) quarter 11, 15	четверть / чверть
124) quarter of an hour 11	четверть часа / чверть години
125) quickly 12	быстро / швидко
126) quietly 14	тихо / тихо
127) rain 5	идти (о дожде) / йти (про дощ)
128) rat-trap 14	крысоловка / пастка на щурів
129) red light 12	красный свет / червоне світло
130) right 3	правый / правий
131) seat 4	кресло / крісло
132) send 2	отправит / відправити
133) servant 8	слуга / слуга
134) several 1	несколько / декілька

135) sheep 5	овца / вівця
136) shine 13	светить / світити
137) shop 12	магазин / магазин
138) sky 5	небо / небо
139) soft 12	вялый / млявий
140) somebody else's 3	кого-то другого / когось другого
141) sometimes 15	иногда / іноді
142) square 5	квадрат / квадрат
143) stand up 6	встать / встати
144) stay up late 7	не спать допоздна / не спати допізна
145) stop hurting 6	перестать болеть / перестати боліти
146) street 15	улица / вулиця
147) surprised 8	удивленный / здивований
148) take away 12	забрать / забрати
149) take out 14	вынести / виносити
150) take sb to a shop 10	взять кого-то в магазин / взяти когось в магазин
151) tall 4	высокий / високий
152) teeth 6	зубы / зуби
153) the crew 4	экипаж / екіпаж
154) the front 12	впереди / попереду
155) manager 9	управляющий / керівник
156) the other half 2	другая половина / друга половина
157) the same 10	одинаковый / однаковий
158) this time 10	на этот раз / цього разу
159) through 15	через / скрізь
160) tooth 6	зуб / зуб
161) trousers 3	брюки / штани
162) twins 10	близнецы / близнюки
163) umbrella 5	зонтик / парасолька
164) uncle 14	дядя / дядько
165) very late 7	очень поздно / дуже пізно
166) village 13	деревня / село
167) village hall 5	выставочный зал в деревне / виставкова зала у селі

168) visit 9	посетить / відвідати
169) visitor 5, 15	посетитель / відвідувач
170) walls 8	стены / стіни
171) want 9	хотеть / хотіти
172) watch 15	наручные часы / наручний годинник
173) weather 13	погода / погода
174) weather forecast 13	прогноз погоды / прогноз погоди
175) wet 11	мокрый / мокрий
176) What colour? 10	Какого цвета? / Якого кольору?
177) What's wrong? 13	Что случилось? / Що трапилось?
178) wife 1	жена / дружина
179) windy 1	ветрено / вітряно
180) wrong 2	неправильно / невірно
181) year and a half 9	полтора года / півтора року
182) young 4	молодой / молодий

Використана література

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Зміст

Вступ.....	3
Story 1. A Fish-Shop Advertisement.....	3
Story 2. Two Different People.....	6
Story 3. A Mathematics Test.....	9
Story 4. The Name of An Air-Hostess.....	11
Story 5. The Art Exhibition.....	13
Story 6. No Dentist Needed.....	16
Story 7. Why Are You Late?.....	18
Story 8. Everything's Different Now.....	21
Story 9. Work in an Office.....	23
Story 10. They don't Need a Mirror.....	25
Story 11. Two Old Men.....	28
Story 12. The Driving License.....	30
Story 13. The Weather Forecast.....	33
Story 14. The Rat-Trap.....	35
Story 15. The Back Door.....	38
Використана література.....	46

НАВЧАЛЬНЕ ВИДАННЯ

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до самостійної роботи
для здобувачів
третього (освітньо-наукового) ступеня
(укр., англ., рос. мовами)**

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