

МІНІСТЕРСТВО ОСВІТИ І НАУКИ УКРАЇНИ  
ХАРКІВСЬКИЙ НАЦІОНАЛЬНИЙ ЕКОНОМІЧНИЙ УНІВЕРСИТЕТ  
ІМЕНІ СЕМЕНА КУЗНЕЦЯ

**ЗАТВЕРДЖЕНО**

на засіданні кафедри  
міжнародних економічних відносин  
Протокол № 1 від 28.08.2023 р.

**ПОГОДЖЕНО**

Проректор з навчально-методичної роботи



Каріна НЕМАШКАЛО

**СВІТОВА ЕКОНОМІКА ТА МІЖНАРОДНІ ЕКОНОМІЧНІ ВІДНОСИНИ**

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**обов'язкова**

Мова викладання, навчання та оцінювання

**англійська**

Розробник:  
д.е.н., професор

Наталія ПАРХОМЕНКО

Завідувач кафедри  
міжнародних економічних  
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Ірина ОТЕНКО

Гарант програми

Наталія ПАРХОМЕНКО

Харків 2023



## INTRODUCTION

Today, there is a tendency to expand international economic relations between various business entities. This is connected, first of all, with the growth of competition, the search for profitable partners on the world market, the diversification of resources, etc. In addition, there are trends of both globalization and regionalization. The development of economic relations between individual countries, their regional associations, individual enterprises in the system of the world economy is a complex of international economic relations, which consists of international trade in goods and services, international movement of factors of production, international currency, financial and credit relations, etc. Thus, identifying the trends of the world economy and the development of international economic relations makes it possible to build foreign economic ties at various levels of management, increase the competitiveness of the national economy, and increase profits from international operations.

The purpose of the educational discipline is to form a system of knowledge, skills and practical skills regarding the theoretical foundations and methodological and practical tools on issues of development and the current state of international economic relations.

The tasks of the academic discipline are:

study of the essence and regularities of the functioning and development of the system of international economic relations;

determination of factors affecting the international division of labor;

analysis of integration processes in a global dimension;

study of trends in the development of the world economy, world markets of goods and services, world financial market and world labor markets.

The object of study of the discipline is the development of the world economy.

The subject of the academic discipline is the system of international economic relations between the national economies of the countries of the world.

The learning outcomes and competencies formed by the course are defined in table 1.

Table 1

### Learning outcomes and competencies formed by the course

Learning outcomes	Competencies
LO 3	SC 5, SC6, SC7
LO 4	GC 2, GC12, SC3, SC5

LO 7	GC 8, GC12, SC 16
LO 8	SC1, SC3, IC
LO 9	SC4, SC5, SC6, SC7, IC
LO 10	SC2
LO11	SC4, IC
LO 12,17	SC 15
LO 13	SC6, IC
LO 14	IC
LO 16	GC12
LO 18	GC12, SC2, IC
LO 19	SC7
LO 20	GC9, SC1
LO 24	GC12, SC5
LO 26	SC 6, SC7
LO 28	SC 5

as well, GC 2 The ability to preserve and multiply moral, cultural, scientific values and achievements of society based on an understanding of the history and patterns of development of the subject area, its place in the general system of knowledge about nature and society and in the development of society, technology and technologies, to use various types and forms of motor activity for active recreation and leading a healthy lifestyle.

GC 8 The ability to abstract thinking, analysis and synthesis.

GC 9 The ability to be critical and self-critical.

GC 12 The knowledge and understanding of the subject area and understanding of professional activity.

SC 1 The ability to distinguish characteristic signs and trends of the development of the world economy, peculiarities of the implementation of economic policy and world integration/disintegration processes, including Euro-Atlantic integration

SC 2 The ability to use basic categories and the latest theories, concepts, technologies and methods in the field of international economic relations, taking into account their basic forms, to apply theoretical knowledge about the functioning and development of international economic relations.

SC 3 The ability to identify the peculiarities of the functioning of the environment of international economic relations and models of economic development.

SC 4 The ability to substantiate the peculiarities of the implementation of forms of international economic relations at the mega-, macro-, meso- and micro-

levels.

SC 5 The ability to carry out comprehensive analysis and monitoring of global market conditions, to assess changes in the international environment and to be able to adapt to them.

SC 6 The ability to analyze international markets of goods and services, tools and principles of regulation of international trade.

SC 7 The ability to analyze the theories and mechanisms of implementation of international monetary, financial and credit relations.

SC 15 The ability to apply the methods, rules and principles of functioning of international economic relations for the development of Ukraine's foreign economic activity.

SC 16 The ability to constantly increase the theoretical level of knowledge, generate and effectively use it in practical activities.

IC The ability to solve complex specialized tasks and practical problems in the field of international relations in general and international economic relations in particular, as well as in the learning process, which involves the application of the latest theories and methods in the implementation of complex studies of global economic relations, is characterized by the complexity and uncertainty of conditions.

LO 3 Use modern information and communication technologies, general and special purpose software packages.

LO 4 Systematize and organize the received information about processes and phenomena in the world economy; evaluate and explain the influence of endogenous and exogenous factors on them; formulate conclusions and develop recommendations taking into account the peculiarities of the national and international environment.

LO 7 Apply the acquired theoretical knowledge to solve practical problems and meaningfully interpret the obtained results.

LO 8. Understand, highlight and describe new phenomena, processes and trends of global development, mechanisms and tools for the implementation of economic policy and world integration / disintegration processes, including Euro-Atlantic integration.

LO 9 Understand and be able to apply, in accordance with other requirements of the educational program, modern theories and methods of solving specialized complex problems and practical problems in the field of international trade in goods and services, international movement of capital, international monetary, financial and credit relations, mobility of human resources, international technology transfer.

LO 10 Identify and single out the peculiarities of the functioning of subjects of international relations and models of their economic development.

LO 11 Substantiate one's own opinion regarding the specific conditions for the implementation of forms of international economic relations at the mega-, macro-, meso- and macro-levels.

LO 12 Carry out a comprehensive analysis of complex economic systems, to compare and compare their components, to evaluate and argue for evaluations of the effectiveness of their functioning.

LO 13 Select and skillfully apply analytical tools for researching the state and development prospects of individual segments of the international markets of goods and services using modern knowledge about the methods, forms and tools of regulation of international trade.

LO 14 Understand and apply the theories, principles, means and tools of implementation of international monetary, financial and credit relations

LO 16 Demonstrate knowledge of the state of research in international economic relations and the world economy in an interdisciplinary combination with political, legal, and natural sciences

LO 17 Determine the causes, types and nature of international conflicts and disputes, justify and apply economic, legal and diplomatic methods and means of solving them at the international level, defending the national interests of Ukraine.

LO 18 Investigate economic phenomena and processes in the international sphere based on an understanding of categories and laws; highlighting and summarizing trends, regularities of the functioning and development of the world economy, taking into account cause-and-effect and spatio-temporal relationships.

LO 19 Understand and apply current legislation, international regulatory documents and agreements, reference materials, current standards and technical conditions, etc. in the field of international economic relations.

LO 20 Defend the national interests of Ukraine, taking into account the security component of international economic relations.

LO 24 Justify the choice and apply information and analytical tools, economic and statistical methods of calculation, complex analysis techniques and methods of monitoring the state of world markets.

LO 26 Manage international business, form, develop and implement strategies for international company personnel management, marketing, competitive, innovative, financial activities and others, taking into account the direction of activity of the subject of international business, taking into account the priorities of the smart-specialization of the Kharkiv region.

LO 28 Analyze basic micro- and macroeconomic models, modern macroeconomic approaches to economic analysis, principles of behavior of economic entities in the global environment.

## **COURSE CONTENT**

**Content module 1. Economics of global economic relations: regularities of functioning and development.**

**Topic 1. Characteristics and trends of the development of the world economy.**

**1.1. Subject of study of the course "World Economy and International Economic Relations".** A place among other economic disciplines; structure and logic of teaching. Importance in the training of specialists in international business. Purpose, tasks and approaches to studying the course, informational and methodological

support.

**1.2. World economy: essence, elements and subjects, formation, development factors.** International economic interaction. Qualitative and quantitative aspects of the development of the world economy. The main trends in the formation of the world economy, levels and cycles of its development.

**1.3. The influence of exogenous and endogenous factors on the development of the world economy.** Monopolization of world trade. Types of commodity markets by degree of monopolization. Closed and open sectors of the world market, their features.

**Topic 2. International division of labor.**

**2.1. The essence of the international division of labor.** Types of international division of labor. Forms and directions of development of international specialization and production cooperation.

**2.2. The main trends in the international division of labor.** Problems of Ukraine's participation in the international division of labor.

**2.3. Classification of indicators that characterize the participation of an individual country in the international division of labor.** List of indicators, order of their calculation.

**Topic 3. Sectoral aspects of the development of the modern world economy. Typology of the countries of the world and the role of their individual groups in the world economy. Countries and regions in the modern world economy.**

**3.1. Trends in the global development of the world economy.** Analysis of the development of international markets. Types of commodity markets by degree of monopolization. Closed and open sectors of the world market, their features. Unevenness of socio-economic development of countries of the world and their typology. The regional principle of grouping and the main regional groups of the countries of the world.

**3.2. Socio-economic principle of systematization of countries of the world.** Countries of the Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development. Three centers of economic development. Small privileged nations. Countries of migrant capitalism. Countries of medium level of development. Developing countries: concepts, general features and place in the world economy. Socio-economic structure. Countries with transition economies, formation of their economic groups and problems of integration into the world market economy. Countries of centralized planning.

**3.3. The place of individual groups of countries in the world economy.** The leading importance of industrially developed countries. The problem of eliminating economic backwardness and neo-colonial dependence of developing countries, peculiarities of their international economic relations. Implementation of the New International Economic Order. Problems of integration into the world economy of countries with a transition economy, changes in the development of their international economic relations. Regions of Ukraine in the world economy.

**Topic 4. International corporations in the world economy. Globalization transformations as a factor of integration and disintegration processes in the**

**world economy. International economic cooperation.**

**4.1. Transnational corporations (TNCs) are the main subjects of international production and investment activities, their significance and evolution, and modern strategy.** Types of monopoly associations. The role of internal cooperative exchange. Contradictions between TNCs and the national-state form of political organization of society. Regulation of TNC activities.

**4.2. Joint ventures.** Prerequisites and features of the development of joint entrepreneurship. Organizational, legal and economic forms of creation and functioning of joint enterprises. Scales, level and dynamics of development of joint enterprises. Free economic zones. Classification of free economic zones, features of functioning. Activities of free economy in different countries.

**4.3. International economic integration is a regularity of the development of the world economy and international economic relations.** The essence, goals and significance of international economic integration, main features. Prerequisites and factors of the development of international economic integration as a qualitatively new level of international economic relations. The main participants and organizers of the process of international economic integration, its modern features. Forms of international economic integration. Stages of formation of international economic integration groups.

**4.4. World integration processes and Ukraine.** Regional nature of international economic integration as its feature. Regional integration associations of industrially developed countries. Objective prerequisites, political and economic goals, main stages of development of Western European economic integration. North American economic integration. Formation of the North American Free Trade Area. Features of the economic integration of Latin American countries. Problems of development of regional economic cooperation in Africa. Main economic groupings of African countries. Peculiarities of the development of economic integration in Asian countries. Ukraine and integration groupings of countries. Economic effects of international economic integration. Resolving international economic conflicts. Economic diplomacy.

**Content module 2. Peculiarities of implementing forms of international economic relations at the mega, macro, meso, and micro levels.**

**Topic 5. International economic system and international economic relations. Environment of international economic relations. Features of the functioning of subjects of international economic relations.**

**5.1. Comprehensive analysis of the world economic system.** International economic relations as an economic category. The essentiality of international economic relations, their importance, objective basis and prerequisites for development. Levels of development of international economic relations: functional, economic, territorial, by subjects of activity. Features of the development of international economic relations at the current stage. The role of international economic relations in the process of Ukraine's integration into the system of global economic relations.



**5.2. Subjects of international economic relations. The concept of the environment of international economic relations, its structure and features.** The natural and geographical environment, the main components of its influence on the development of international economic relations. The economic environment of the formation of international economic relations, the state of market relations of countries and the peculiarities of their mutual relations. Economic regulators of international economic relations. Political and legal environment. Peculiarities of the interaction of politics and economics in international economic relations. Political interests of countries and regions. Political stability and political risks. International terrorism as a factor in the formation of the political environment. Security component of international economic relations. Legal regulators of international economic relations. Socio-cultural environment and its importance in the development of international economic relations. The infrastructure of modern MEV. The role of transport and information and communication systems in the development of international economic relations. Conditions for implementation of international economic relations at the mega, macro, meso and macro levels.

**Topic 6. International trade relations.**

**6.1. International trade as a defining form of international economic relations.** The main factors of the growth of international trade turnover. Features of the development of international trade. Standardization of goods on the world market. International commodity nomenclatures. Bar codes. Regional structure (geographic distribution) of international trade. The structure of world trade by socio-economic groupings of countries. The main reasons and consequences of the increase in mutual trade of industrially developed countries. The role of developing countries in international trade. The place of newly industrialized countries in world trade. Countries with transition economies in international trade. Problems of restructuring foreign trade of newly independent states. Conjunction of commodity markets : essence, factors of formation and development, system of study indicators and main forms of manifestation.

**6.2. Types and forms of international trade.** Counter trading. International bidding (tenders). International fairs and exhibitions. International auctions. Peculiarities of stock trading, its evolution, organization and functions. Exchange goods. The largest international commodity exchanges, their influence on international trade. Types of exchange transactions. Consignment trade.

**6.3. Features of the development of foreign trade policy of states.** Protectionism and trade liberalization. Means of foreign trade policy. Manifestations of discrimination in international trade. Regional trade cooperation. Regulation of international trade relations (tools of normative and legal regulation). Activities of international trade organizations GATT (General Agreement on Tariffs and Trade) and UNCTAD (UN Conference on Trade and Development).

**6.4. The importance of the world services market, the prerequisites for its formation.** Specific features of international trade in services, its dynamics, structure and geographical directions. Status and prospects of international trade in licenses and

know-how. Types of license agreements. Modern conditions and factors of international exchange of technologies, forms of their transfer. Value and volumes of international trade in licenses. Peculiarities of the preparation, execution and implementation of license agreements, the main license exporting countries. Intra-firm license trade. International leasing, its types. Leasing by lease term. Features of renting. The main exporting countries of leasing services. Importance of international leasing. International engineering and consulting services. Tourist services on the world market. International tourist flows. Development factors of international tourism. Insurance services. Franchising in the system of international services.

**6.5. Pricing on the world market.** The price is an important indicator of the state of commodity markets. International value and world price, its signs. Price-forming factors. Multiplicity of prices on the world market. World price levels. Information system of global commodity market prices. Information and analytical toolkit of international trade in goods and services. Informatization of international trade.

## **Topic 7. International currency, financial and credit relations.**

**7.1. National, international and world currency systems, their essence and elements.** Concept of currency and its types. Currency convertibility. Exchange rate, its types. Currency parity. Cross course. Basic currency operations. Currency quotes. Evolution of the world currency system. Transition from the gold standard to a free exchange rate. Paris, Genoese, Bretton Woods and Jamaican currency systems. European monetary system. Monetary and financial system of EU countries.

**7.2. The essence of monetary and financial relations and the mechanism of international settlements.** Payment and settlement balances, their structure. The balance of international debt, its types. The instability of international settlements and the main problems of the balance of payments of the countries of the world. The essence, methods and conditions of international settlements. The role of banks and their correspondent accounts in the organization and execution of international payments. Risks in foreign economic activities, methods of their elimination. Peculiarities of the use in the international sphere of the main forms of calculations. Non-documentary forms of payments: advance payment, bank transfer, payment after shipment, payment to an open account, payments by checks, plastic cards and promissory notes. Documentary forms of payments: international payments using a letter of credit, international payments using collection. Informational and analytical toolkit of international currency and credit calculations. Informatization of international currency and credit operations.

**Topic 8. International mobility of human resources. International movement of capital and technology transfer.**

**8.1. The concept of international labor migration, its economic nature, driving forces and stages of development.** Scales, forms and main trends in the development of modern migration processes. Types of international migration. The international market of highly qualified specialists ("golden collars") and the problem of "brain drain". The role of R&D in the development of labor migration, scientific and

engineering personnel. Socio-economic consequences of international labor migration. International labor migration and balances of payments of countries. General patterns of creation of the global labor market, the main regions and centers of its international attraction and export. International monopolies and the labor market. Forms and means of exploitation of immigrant workers. The influence of international economic integration on the internationalization of the labor market. State and international regulation of labor migration. The International Labor Organization (ILO) and its role in solving issues of unemployment and protection of workers' rights. Programs to stimulate the elasticity of the labor market and ensure the employment of the population. Flexibility of the labor market. Problems of labor migration and the labor market in Ukraine and the Kharkiv region.

**8.2. General prerequisites for the development of international investment and production activities. International movement of capital.** Investment climate. Types of foreign investments, their scale. Changes in the specific weight of the main economic centers in the export of capital. The main flows of international capital exchange. Peculiarities of capital movement regulation, influence of TNCs on its movement. Capital export as a factor of intensification of international investment and production activity. Institutional regulation of international investment activity. Foreign investments in the economy of Ukraine and the Kharkiv region. Informatization of international movement of capital.

**8.3. The international movement of technologies and the mechanism of its transfer.** Prerequisites of international scientific and technical cooperation. Scientific and technical cooperation as a form of international economic relations. Compatible scientific research. International research and development works (R&DKR). Exchange of scientific and technical achievements and experience. Mutual consultations on the main issues of the NTS. Development of scientific and technical forecasts. Cooperation in the field of scientific and technical information, inventions and patent matters. Compatible scientific research on environmental protection, medicine, space exploration and the World Ocean. Commercial content of scientific and technical relations. Development of trade in licenses and know-how. Protection of intellectual property. Internationalization of NTS. International scientific and technical programs. Prospects for the inclusion of scientific and technical potential of Ukraine in international scientific and technical relations.

The list of practical (seminar) / laboratory studies in the course is given in table 2.

Table 2

**The list of practical (seminar) ) / laboratory studies**

Name of the topic and/or task	Content
Topic 1. Characteristic signs and trends	Characteristic signs and trends of the

of the development of the world economy. Task 1.	development of the world economy.
Topic 1. Characteristic signs and trends of the development of the world economy. Task 2.	Characteristic signs and trends of the development of the world economy. Development trends of the world economy (by countries of the world)
Topic 2. International division of labor. Task 3.	International division of labor. Features of the international division of labor in the world.
Topic 3. Sectoral aspects of the development of the modern world economy. Typology of the countries of the world and the role of their individual groups in the world economy. Countries and regions in the modern world economy. Task 4.	Sectoral aspects of the development of the modern world economy. The role of certain groups in the world economy. Analysis of indicators of world trade of different countries of the world.
Topic 4. International corporations in the world economy. Globalization transformations as a factor of integration processes in the world economy. International economic cooperation. Task 5.	International corporations in the world economy.
Topic 4. International corporations in the world economy. Globalization transformations as a factor of integration processes in the world economy. International economic cooperation. Task 6.	Globalization transformations as a factor of integration processes in the world economy.
Topic 4. International corporations in the world economy. Globalization transformations as a factor of integration processes in the world economy. International economic cooperation. Task 7.	International economic cooperation.
Topic 5. International economic system and international economic relations. Environment of international economic relations. Features of the functioning of subjects of international economic relations. Task 8.	Environment of international economic relations. Features of the functioning of subjects of international economic relations.
Topic 6. International trade relations. Task 9.	International trade relations. International trade in goods.
Topic 6. International trade relations.	International trade relations. International

Task 10.	trade in services.
Topic 6. International trade relations. Task 11.	International trade relations. Types and forms of international trade.
Topic 7. International currency, financial and credit relations. Task 12.	International monetary and financial relations.
Topic 7. International currency, financial and credit relations. Task 13.	International credit relations.
Topic 8. International mobility of human resources. International movement of capital and technology transfer. Task 14.	International mobility of human resources.
Topic 8. International mobility of human resources. International movement of capital and technology transfer. Task 15.	International movement of capital and technology transfer.

The list of self-studies in the course is given in table 3.

Table 3

### List of self-studies

Name of the topic and/or task	Content
Topic 1 – 8	Study of lecture material, familiarization with the regulatory framework of Ukraine and international organizations, international ratings, statistical materials
Topic 1 – 8	Preparation for practical classes
Topic 1 – 8	Execution of individual tasks
Topic 1 – 8	Preparation for the exam

The number of hours of lectures, practical (seminar) and hours of independent work is given in the work plan (technological map) for the academic discipline.

## TEACHING METHODS

In the process of teaching an educational discipline, in order to acquire certain learning outcomes, to activate the educational process, it is envisaged to use such learning methods as:

Problem lecture (Topic 1, 4,5,6,7,8), lecture-discussion (Topic 2,3).

In person (demonstration (Topic 1-8)).

Practical (practical work (Topic 1 - 8), case method (Topic 1,4,5,6,7,8), presentation (Topic 2,3), work in small groups (Topic 3,4), brainstorming (Topic 4), business game (topic 6,7).

## FORMS AND METHODS OF ASSESSMENT

The University uses a 100-point cumulative system for assessing the learning outcomes of students.

**Current control** is carried out during lectures, practical, laboratory and seminar classes and is aimed at checking the level of readiness of the student to perform a specific job and is evaluated by the amount of points scored:

– for courses with a form of semester control as an exam: maximum amount is 60 points; minimum amount required is 35 points.

**The final control** includes current control and an exam.

**Semester control** is carried out in the form of a semester exam or grading.

**The final grade in the course** is determined:

– for disciplines with a form of exam, the final grade is the amount of all points received during the current control and the exam grade.

During the teaching of the course, the following control measures are used:

Current control: practical tasks (50 points), control work (5 points), colloquium (5 points).

Semester control: Grading including Exam.

More detailed information on the assessment system is provided in technological card of the course.

An example of an exam card and assessment criteria.

### **An example of an examination task**

Simon Kuznets Kharkiv National University of Economics

First (bachelor) level of higher education

Specialty "International Economic Relations"

Educational and professional program "International Business".

Semester III

Educational discipline "World economy and international economic relations"

### **EXAMINATION TASK No. 1**

#### ***Task 1 (test). (20 points)***

1. Which method of determining the duty rate is ad valorem:

- a) 30% of the customs value of the car;
- b) 500 dollars. US per 1 cm<sup>3</sup> of a car engine;
- c) 15% of the customs value, but not less than 0.5 dollars. US based on 1 kg of beef;
- d) 100 dollars. USA based on 1 ton of oil;
- e) correct answers - a), c).

2. In which of the cases we are talking about a large open economy:

- a) national economy, the export and import of which constitute a significant share of the relevant global indicators;
- b) national economy with an insignificant share of exports in GDP;
- c) national economy with an insignificant specific weight of foreign investments;
- d) national economy, whose exports and imports make up a small share of world exports and imports.

3. What foreign trade policy is called free trade:

- a) state policy aimed at protecting the national producer from foreign competition;
- b) the policy of minimal state intervention in foreign trade;
- c) state policy aimed at the development of export and import-substituting industries;
- r) all answers are wrong.

4. What is the name of a bank that provides (and guarantees) loans to less developed countries to promote their economic growth:

- a) European Central Bank;
- б) IMF;
- в) World Bank Group;
- г) International Bank for Reconstruction and Development;
- д) all answers are wrong.

5. The Heckscher-Ohlin theorem states that:

- a) the country exports goods, the production of which requires significant costs relative to surplus factors and small costs relative to scarce factors, and imports goods, in the production of which it would be necessary to make extensive use of relatively scarce factors;
- б) comparative advantages and specialization in international trade can be explained by national differences in the supply of factors of production;
- в) foreign trade ensures the exchange of surplus factors of production between countries;
- г) all answers are correct.

6. The prices of the goods that the country exports increased by 10.5%, and the prices of the goods that it imports by 15.5%. This means that the commodity terms of trade for the country:

- a) have improved;
- б) have worsened;
- в) have not changed;

г) all answers are wrong.

7. Which of the listed countries does not belong to the group of countries with a developed market economy:

- a) Taiwan;
- б) New Zealand;
- в) China;
- г) Denmark;
- д) Australia.

8. The prices of the goods that the country exports have increased by 10%, and the prices of the goods that it imports have decreased by 5%. The net barter terms of trade indicator for the country is equal to:

- a)  $\approx 1,25$ ;
- б)  $\approx 0,96$ ;
- в)  $\approx 1,16$ ;
- г)  $\approx 1,18$ .

9. The distribution of commodity flows between countries, groups of countries and regions of the world is characterized by:

- a) commodity structure of international trade;
- б) geographic structure of international trade;
- в) dynamic structure of international trade;
- г) all answers are correct.

10. Re-emigration is:

- a) departure of immigrants from the country of immigration;
- б) relocation of citizens to another country for permanent or long-term temporary residence;
- в) entry of citizens of one country to another country for permanent or long-term temporary residence;
- г) movement of citizens across the border in search of work.

**Task 2 (diagnostic). (10 points)**

1. Based on the data in the table. , it is necessary to determine the degree of openness of national economies through the calculation of export quotas, the volume of exports per capita and the specific share of each country in world exports.

Table

Country	Export volume, billion dollars	GDP, billion dollars	Population, million people
USA	625	7400	255,4



Germany	524	2498	80,6
Japan	413	5390	124,5
France	289	1587	58,4
Great Britain	267	1169	57,8

2. The Japanese automobile concern annually exported 15,000 cars to the United States at a price of 11,000 dollars. The exchange rate was 1.5 yen for 1 dollar. The concern's expenses for 1 car amounted to 11,000 yen and remained unchanged. Determine how the profit of exporters in Japanese yen will change: a) if the yen exchange rate decreases by 14%, b) if the yen exchange rate increases by 11%. Justify your answers.

***Task 3 (heuristic). (10 points)***

Indicate which international ratings of countries you know. Illustrate with an example the impact of international ratings on the country's investment attractiveness. Justify the answer.

Protocol No. \_\_\_\_ dated " \_\_\_\_ " \_\_\_\_\_ 20\_\_ was approved at the meeting of the

Department of International Economic Relations

Examiner

Doctor of Economics, Prof. Parkhomenko N.O.

Head of department

Doctor of Economics, Prof. Otenko I.P.

**Evaluation criteria**

The final marks for the exam consist of the sum of the marks for the completion of all tasks, rounded to a whole number according to the rules of mathematics.

The algorithm for solving each task includes separate stages that differ in complexity, time-consumingness, and importance for solving the task. Individual tasks are evaluated as follows:

***Task 1 (test). (20 points)***

For each correct test is 2 points.

***Task 2 (diagnostic). (10 points)***

For each correctly solved task is 5 points.

**Task 3 (heuristic). (10 points)**

For each correctly solved task is 5 points.

## RECOMMENDED LITERATURE

### Main

1. Krugman Paul, Maurice Obstfeld and Marc Melitz. International Economics: Theory and Policy/ Krugman P. – Harlow, England : Pearson, 11th edition, 2018. – 800 p.
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